



The Rosary Trust

A Catholic Education

Trust

Use of Artificial Intelligence

Policy

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1. Aims and scope

Here at the Rosary Trust we understand the valuable potential that artificial intelligence (AI), including generative AI, holds for schools. For example, it can be used to enhance pedagogical methods, customise learning experiences and progress educational innovation.

We are also aware of the risks posed by AI, including data protection breaches, copyright issues, ethical complications, safeguarding and compliance with wider legal obligations.

Therefore, the aim of this policy is to establish guidelines for the ethical, secure and responsible use of AI technologies across our whole trust community.

This policy covers the use of AI tools by staff across the trust, trustees, local governors and pupils. This includes generative chatbots such as ChatGPT and Google Bard (please note, this list is not exhaustive).

This policy aims to:

- Support the use of AI to enhance teaching and learning
- Support staff across the trust to explore AI solutions to improve efficiency and reduce workload
- Prepare staff across the trust, trustees, local governors and pupils for a future in which AI technology will be an integral part
- Promote equity in education by using AI to address learning gaps and provide personalised support
- Ensure that AI technologies are used ethically and responsibly by all staff across the trust, trustees, local governors and pupils
- Protect the privacy and personal data of all staff across the trust, trustees, local governors and pupils in compliance with the UK GDPR

1.1 Definitions

This policy refers to both 'open' and 'closed' generative AI tools. These are defined as follows:

- **Open generative AI tools** are accessible and modifiable by anyone. They may store, share or learn from the information entered into them, including personal or sensitive information
- **Closed generative AI tools** are generally more secure, as external parties cannot access the data you input

2. Legislation

This policy reflects good practice guidelines / recommendations in the following publications:

- [AI regulation white paper](#), published by the Department for Science, Innovation and Technology, and the Office for Artificial Intelligence
- [Generative artificial intelligence \(AI\) and data protection in schools](#), published by the Department for Education (DfE)

This policy meets the requirements of the:

- UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) – the EU GDPR was incorporated into UK legislation, with some amendments, by [The Data Protection, Privacy and Electronic Communications \(Amendments etc\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2020](#)
- [Data Protection Act 2018 \(DPA 2018\)](#)

3. Regulatory principles

As a trust, we follow the 5 principles set out in the [AI regulation white paper](#).

REGULATORY PRINCIPLE	WE WILL ...
Safety, security and robustness	• Ensure that AI solutions are secure and safe for users and protect users' data • Ensure we can identify and rectify bias or error • Anticipate threats such as hacking
Appropriate transparency and explainability	• Be transparent about our use of AI, and make sure we understand the suggestions it makes
Fairness	• Only use AI solutions that are ethically appropriate, equitable and free from prejudice – in particular, we will fully consider any bias relating to small groups and protected characteristics before using AI, monitor bias closely and correct problems where appropriate
Accountability and governance	• Ensure that the local governing bodies and staff have clear roles and responsibilities in relation to the monitoring, evaluation, maintenance and use of AI
Contestability and redress	• Make sure that staff are empowered to correct and overrule AI suggestions – decisions should be made by the user of AI, not the technology • Allow and respond appropriately to concerns and complaints where AI may have caused error resulting in adverse consequences or unfair treatment

4. Roles and responsibilities

4.1 Board of trustees

The board of trustees will:

- Take overall responsibility for monitoring this policy and holding school leaders to account for its implementation in line with the trust's AI strategy
- Review and update the AI policy as appropriate - at least annually
- Ensure school leaders are appropriately supported to make informed decisions regarding effective and ethical use of AI across the trust
- Sign off on approved uses of AI, or new AI tools, taking into account advice from the data protection officer (DPO), and data protection impact assessments.

Trustees will adhere to the guidelines below to protect data when using generative AI tools themselves:

- Use only approved AI tools (see section 5 and appendix 1)
- Seek advice from the data protection officer / IT / designated safeguarding leads (DSLs), as appropriate

- Check whether they are using an open or closed generative AI tool
- Ensure there is no identifiable information included in what they put into open generative AI tools
- Acknowledge or reference the use of generative AI in their work
- Fact-check results to make sure the information is accurate

4.2 School leaders

School leaders will:

- Take responsibility for the day-to-day leadership and management of AI use in their school
- Liaise with the data protection officer (DPO) to ensure that the use of AI is in accordance with data protection legislation
- Liaise with the designated safeguarding lead (DSL) to ensure that the use of AI is in accordance with Keeping Children Safe in Education and the school's child protection and safeguarding policy
- Ensure that the guidance set out in this policy is followed by all staff
- Ensure staff are appropriately trained in the effective use and potential risks of AI
- Make sure pupils are taught about the effective use and potential risks of AI

4.3 Data protection officer (DPO)

The data protection officer (DPO) is responsible for monitoring and advising on our compliance with data protection law, including in relation to the use of AI.

Each school has their own DPO, either individually or shared, who is contactable via the school office.

4.4 Designated safeguarding leads (DSLs)

DSLs are responsible for monitoring and advising on our compliance with safeguarding requirements including in relation to the use of AI, such as:

- Being aware of new and emerging safeguarding threats posed by AI
- Updating and delivering staff training on AI safeguarding threats
- Responding to safeguarding incidents in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE) and the school's child protection and safeguarding policy
- Understanding the filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place on school devices

4.5 All staff

As part of our aim to reduce staff workload while improving outcomes for our pupils, we encourage staff to explore opportunities to meet these objectives through the use of approved AI tools. Any use of AI must follow the guidelines set out in this policy.

To protect data when using generative AI tools, staff must:

- Use only approved AI tools (see section 5 and appendix 1)
- Seek advice from the Data Protection Officer / IT lead / DSL, as appropriate
- Report safeguarding concerns to the DSL in line with the trust's child protection and safeguarding policy
- Check whether they are using an open or closed generative AI tool
- Ensure there is no identifiable information included in what they put into open generative AI tools
- Acknowledge or reference the use of generative AI in their work
- Fact-check results to make sure the information is accurate

All staff play a role in ensuring that pupils understand the potential benefits and risks of using AI in their learning. All of our staff have a responsibility to guide pupils in critically evaluating AI-generated information and understanding its limitations.

4.6 Pupils

Pupils must:

- Follow the guidelines set out in section 7 of this policy ('Use of AI by pupils')

5. Use of AI by staff across the trust, trustees and local governors

5.1 Approved use of AI

At the Rosary Trust we are committed to helping staff, trustees and local governors reduce their workload. Generative AI tools can make certain written tasks quicker and easier to complete, but cannot replace the judgement and knowledge of a human expert.

Whatever tools or resources are used to produce plans, policies or documents, the quality and content of the final document remains the professional responsibility of the person who produced it.

Any plans, policies or documents created using AI should be clearly attributed. Any member of staff, trustee or local governor using an AI-generated plan, policy or document should only share the AI-generated content with other members of staff, trustees or local governors for use if they are confident of the accuracy of the information, as the content remains the professional responsibility of the person who produced it.

Always consider whether AI is the right tool to use. Just because the trust has approved its use doesn't mean it will always be appropriate.

The table in Appendix 1 sets out the approved AI tools and the approved uses for each tool.

5.2 Process for approval

Staff are welcome to suggest new ways of using AI to improve pupil outcomes and reduce workload. They should contact their senior leader to discuss any ideas they may have with regards to using AI, so they can take the suggestions forward if they deem it to be a satisfactory new method of working.

The head teacher in each school is responsible for signing off on approved uses of AI, or new AI tools, taking into account advice from the DPO and data protection impact assessments.

5.3 Data protection and privacy

To ensure that personal and sensitive data remains secure, no one will be permitted to enter such data into unauthorised generative AI tools or chatbots.

If personal and/or sensitive data is entered into an unauthorised generative AI tool, the trust will treat this as a data breach and will follow the personal data breach procedure outlined in our data protection policy. Please also refer to section 10 of this policy.

5.4 Intellectual property

Most generative AI tools use inputs submitted by users to train and refine their models.

Pupils own the intellectual property (IP) rights to original content they create. This is likely to include anything that shows working out or is beyond multiple choice questions.

The Rosary Trust will not allow or cause intellectual property, including pupils' work, to be used to train generative AI models without appropriate consent or exemption to copyright.

Exemptions to copyright are limited – we will seek legal advice if we are unsure as to whether we are acting within the law.

5.5 Bias

We are aware that AI tools can perpetuate existing biases, particularly towards protected characteristics including sex, race and disability. For this reason, critical thought must be applied to all outputs of authorised AI applications. This means fact and sense-checking the output.

The Rosary Trust will ensure we can identify and rectify bias or error by training staff in this area.

We will also regularly review our use of AI to identify and correct any biases that may arise.

If parents/carers or pupils have any concerns or complaints about potential unfair treatment or other negative outcomes as a consequence of AI use, these will be dealt with through our usual complaints procedure

5.6 Raising concerns

We encourage staff to speak to their school leader in the first instance if they have any concerns about the potential use of AI, or the use of AI that may have resulted in errors that lead to adverse consequences or unfair treatment.

Safeguarding concerns arising from the use of generative AI must be reported immediately to the DSL in accordance with the school's trust's child protection and safeguarding policy.

5.7 Ethical and responsible use

The Rosary Trust will always:

- Use generative AI tools ethically and responsibly
- Remember the principles set out in our trust's equality policy when using generative AI tools
- Consider whether the tool has real-time internet access, or access to information up to a certain point in time, as this may impact the accuracy of the output
- Fact and sense-check the output before relying on it

Staff members, trustees and local governors must not:

- Generate content to impersonate, bully or harass another person
- Generate explicit or offensive content
- Input offensive, discriminatory or inappropriate content as a prompt

5.8 Data protection and cyber security

The school is aware of the data privacy and cyber-security implications that come with using generative AI tools, and will ensure that all AI tools are used in line with the school's GDPR/data protection and E-safety policies. The school will follow the procedures in these policies to continue to protect pupils from harmful online content that could be produced by AI tools.

All staff will be made aware that generative AI tools are able to create believable content of all kinds, for example credible email scams requesting payment, and that the content AI produces may seem more authoritative and believable than usual scams. All staff will apply their best judgement and common sense to manage cyber-security risks effectively and ensure that the DfE's cyber standards are followed at all times.

Therefore, the school will:

- Protect personal and special category data in accordance with data protection legislation.
- Not allow or cause intellectual property, including pupils' work, to be used to train generative AI models, without appropriate consent or exemption to copyright.
- Maintain cyber security by referring to the DfE's cyber standards.
- Be mindful that generative AI could increase the sophistication and credibility of cyber attacks.

- Ensure that pupils are not accessing or creating harmful or inappropriate content online, including through AI tools.
- Refer to the DfE's Filtering and monitoring standards for schools and colleges to ensure that the appropriate systems are in place.
- Be mindful of the data privacy implications when using AI tools and will take steps to ensure that personal and special category data is protected in accordance with data protection legislation.

If it is necessary to use personal and special category data in AI tools, the school will ensure that the tools comply with our GDPR procedures and notifications are provided through amended privacy notices where personal or special category data is being processed using AI tools.

6. Educating pupils about AI

Here at the Rosary Trust we acknowledge that pupils benefit from a knowledge-rich curriculum that allows them to become well-informed users of technology and understand its impact on society. Strong foundational knowledge will ensure that pupils develop the right skills to make best use of generative AI.

7. Use of AI by pupils

The Rosary Trust recognises that AI has many uses to help pupils learn.

Pupils may use AI tools:

- As a research tool to help them find out about new topics and ideas
- When specifically studying and discussing AI in schoolwork, for example in IT lessons or art homework about AI-generated images

All AI-generated content must be properly attributed and appropriate for the pupils' age and educational needs.

AI may also lend itself to cheating and plagiarism. To mitigate this, pupils may not use AI tools:

- During assessments
- To write their homework or class assignments, where AI-generated text is presented as their own work
- To complete their homework, where AI is used to answer questions set and is presented as their own work (for example, maths calculations)

This list of AI misuse is not exhaustive.

Where AI tools have been used as a source of information, pupils should reference their use of AI. The reference must show the name of the AI source and the date the content was generated.

Pupils must consider what is ethical and appropriate in their use of AI and must not:

- Generate content to impersonate, bully or harass another person
- Generate or share explicit or offensive content, including, but not limited to, generating inappropriate or sexualised images of pupils
- Input offensive, discriminatory or inappropriate content as a prompt

8. Formal assessments

The Rosary Trust will continue to take reasonable steps where applicable to prevent malpractice involving the use of generative AI in assessments.

We will follow the latest guidance published by the Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ) on [AI use in assessments](#).

9. Staff training

Staff will be kept up to date with developments in AI training on safe internet use and online safeguarding, CPD opportunities and information provided through senior leadership team and DfE.

10. Referral to our child protection and safeguarding policy

The trust is aware that the use of generative AI may in some circumstances lead to safeguarding concerns including, but not limited to:

- Sexual grooming
- Sexual harassment
- Sexual extortion
- Child sexual abuse/exploitation material
- Harmful content
- Harmful advertisements and promotions
- Bullying

Where there are safeguarding concerns arising from the use of generative AI a report must be made to the DSL immediately.

Any such incident will be dealt with according to the procedures set out in the trust's child protection and safeguarding policy and child protection referral process.

11. Breach of this policy

11.1 By staff

Breach of this policy by staff will be dealt with in line with the trust's staff code of conduct.

Where disciplinary action is appropriate, it may be taken whether the breach occurs:

- During or outside of working hours
- On an individual's own device or a school device
- At home, at school or from a remote working location

Staff members will be required to co-operate with any investigation into a suspected breach of this policy. This may involve providing the trust with access to:

- The generative AI application in question (whether or not it is one authorised by the trust)
- Any relevant passwords or login details

You must report any breach of this policy, either by you or by another member of staff, to your senior leader immediately.

11.2 By trustees or local governors

Trustees or local governors found in breach of this policy will be investigated on a case by case basis and dealt with appropriately.

11.3 By pupils

Any breach of this policy by a pupil will be dealt with in line with the trust's behaviour policy.

12. Monitoring and transparency

AI technology, and the benefits, risks and harms related to it, evolves and changes rapidly. Consequently, this policy is a live document that must be kept updated by the strategic board whenever there is a significant change to either AI use by the trust or the associated risks of AI usage.

This policy will also be regularly reviewed and updated to align with emerging best practices, technological advancements and changes in regulations.

The policy will be shared with the board of trustees at least annually.

All teaching staff are expected to read and follow this policy. The head teacher is responsible for ensuring that the policy is followed.

The head teacher will monitor the effectiveness of AI usage in their school.

We will ensure we keep members of the trust community up to date on the use of AI technologies for educational purposes. As part of our regular surveys, feedback from pupils, parents/carers and staff will be considered in the ongoing evaluation and development of AI use across the schools in our trust.

13. Links with other policies

This AI policy is linked to our:

- Data protection policy
- Child protection/safeguarding policy
- Assessment policy
- Homework policy
- Behaviour policy
- Staff code of conduct
- Marking and feedback policy
- ICT acceptable use policy
- Online safety policy
- Equality policy

Appendix 1: Approved uses of AI tools (table)

Note that open-source AI tools / open AI tools, meaning tools that anyone can access and modify, should only be used for tasks that don't require personal information to be input.

APPROVED AI TOOLS	APPROVED FOR	APPROVED USES
KeyGPT	• Teachers • Governors • Trustees	• Letter to parents/carers • Job descriptions and adverts • Interview questions
Oak Academy AI lesson planner	• Teachers	• Lesson planning
Chat GPT	• Teachers • Governors • Trustees	• Letter to parents/carers • Job descriptions and adverts • Interview questions
Teachmate AI	• Teachers	• Lesson planning • Risk assessments • Classroom admin
Copilot	• Teachers • Admin staff	• Presentations • Letter to parents/carers

A note on your data security in KeyGPT: This is The Key's AI-powered assistant for schools, included in your membership. KeyGPT is a closed generative AI tool, which uses published content from The Key to improve the quality of its response, known as retrieval augmented generation (RAG). The Key has prompted the AI to give you more complete, specific responses, and instruct the AI to limit bias as much as possible. However, all AI models can make mistakes, so do check any important information KeyGPT gives you.